



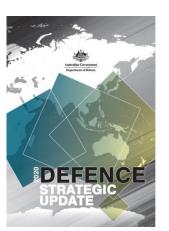


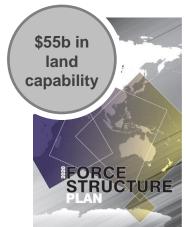


With Government's investment, we'll deliver the Army that we need to keep Australia safe



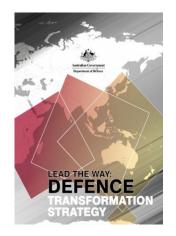
To achieve Defence's Strategy







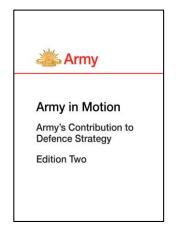
With Government's investment







We're delivering the future Army





Investments in the Land Domain

Total Approximately \$55b to 2030



Land Operating Concepts



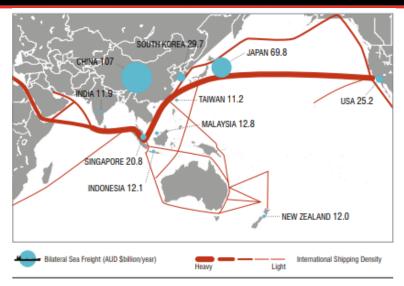
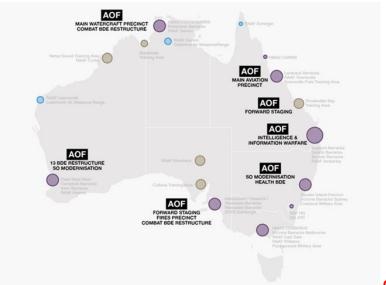


Figure 2: Sea Freight: Australia's top ten trading partners



Document Structure

Land OCD Main Body:

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Land Force Design
- Objective Land Force Determinants
- Realising the Objective Land
 Force
- Army Enduring Risks

Land OCD Annexes:

- Annex A: Operational Force Structures
- Annex B: Army Objective Force
- Annex C: Functional Concepts of Employment
- Annex D: Conceptual Papers
- Annex E: Threat Context
- Annex F: Army's Enduring Risks
- Annex G: Operational Needs
- Annex H: Fundamental Inputs to Capability
- Annex I: Land Force Support System Framework
- Referenced Documents and Definitions





Grey Zone



- The use of Grey Zone tactics in the Indo-Pacific has expanded
- Grey Zone tactics are characterised by actions designed to antagonise, disrupt or damage without conflict. However, their use is escalatory and only one feature of the continuum of conflict.
- Success in the 'Grey Zone' is achieved by WoG and whole-of-society activity. Army supports this activity with its investment in situational awareness, cyber capabilities, electronic warfare, and information

FIGURE 1: A HEURISTIC CONSTRUCT FOR CONFLICT.

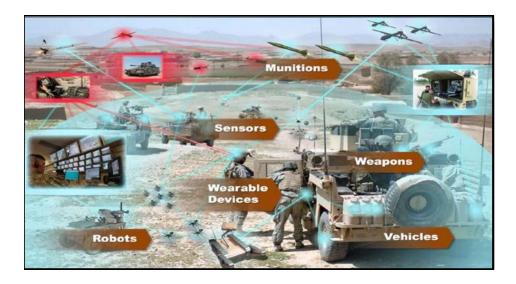


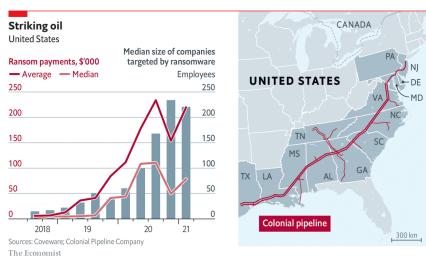


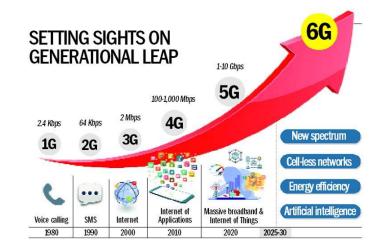


Global Communications

- Innovations offer opportunities for Army modernisation
- The massive growth of network active devices generates both network latency challenges and an increased security risk
- The increasing connectivity of services and infrastructure to the internet creates vulnerabilities that are exploited by States and criminal organisations.







Social Media

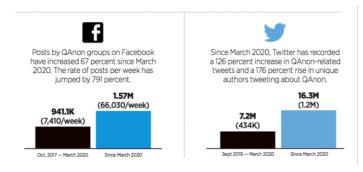


- Adversaries have harnessed this technology to conduct influence operations and spread disruptive disinformation
- Non-state actors effectively use social media for military recruiting. State-actors can use social media as a way to encourage a civil-society to remove the power of their own State.
- Army must monitor this growing arena, carefully digest information from social media, and cultivate skills to compete in this domain



You are so BRAVE

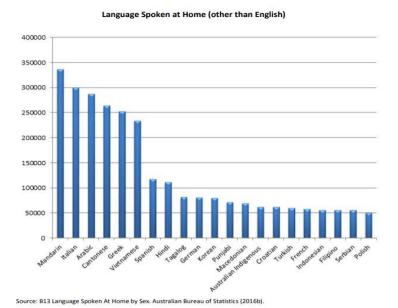
You fly a remote control plane halfway across the world to kill an

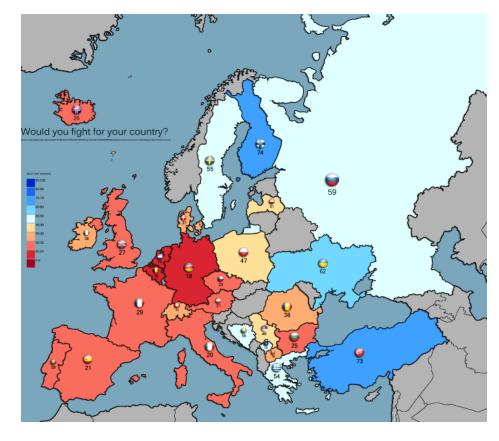


Rise In Global Citizens



- Increased social activism can demand Army attention if it turns violent
- Diminished national affiliation could impact Army recruiting
- Increased diversity in ideological commitments can cause tactical issues for the Army when it needs to garner popular support abroad







Long-range Hypersonics: Technological Impacts

Technology Convergence

- Technology is evolving rapidly in hypersonics and several complementary areas including precision weaponry, artificial intelligence and autonomous systems
- The convergence of this technology is challenging our traditional structures and processes

Technological Impacts

- Hypersonic delivery systems have the potential to manoeuvre to evade current defensive systems, and/or reduce warning times to ground-based radar
- The combination of range and speed accessible through hypersonic weapons will reduce our overall decision to effect cycle
- Regional developments and military modernisation have eroded the ADF's advantage in artillery capability

Opportunity for Defence

- Defence has committed to a development, test and evaluation program for high-speed long-range strike and missile defence, including hypersonic weapons, leading to prototypes to inform future investments
- Investment in high-speed long-range Strike, including hypersonic research will commit between \$6.2b-9.3b





Quantum Technologies

Early stages of industry

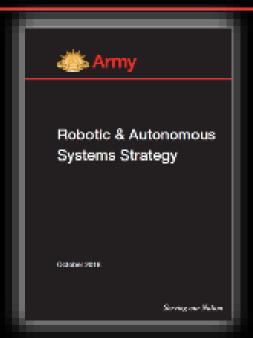
Army Quantum Technology Roadmap



Technology type	Priority 1	Priority 2	Priority 3
Sensing and imaging	Positioning, navigation & timing Cravity and magnetic anomaly detection	Electromagnetic detection & ranging Medical & environmental sensing	Human-machine interfacing Material and device characterisation
Communications and cryptography	Point-to-point QKD Network clock synchronisation	Multi-point OKD Long-lived encrypted quantum memories	Networking quantum sensors and computers Integrated quantum-classical networks
Computing and simulation	Image/signal processing Optimisation of logistics and planning	AliML and robotics Cyberwarfare tools Cryptography Operational simulation	Geo/physical modelling Materials, biotechnology and nanotechnology simulation
Enables and countermeasures	Post-quantum cryptography Disrupting QKD	Characterisation benchmarking and optimisation tools Spooting quantum sensors	Scalable manufacturing Disabling quantum computers

Current development state	In production/advanced stages of industry R&D	advanced stages of academic research	R&D/intermediate stages of academic research
Estimated time to defence application	<5 years	5-10 years	>10 years
Sensing and imaging	Quantum accelerometers magnetometers, gyroscopes and clocks Quantum microscopes	Quantum spectrometers and detectors Chip-scale bio/chemical analysers Quantum-enhanced MRI	Wearable magnetoencephalography Quantum nanosensors for biomedicine
Communications and cryptography	Simple short-range QKD networks	Quantum repeaters Quantum ports Complex long-range QKD networks Synchronisation of clocks	Quantum memories Networks of quantum sensors and computers
Computing and simulation	Mainframe NISQ computers	Distributed and edge NISQ computers intergrated in classical networks EC mainframe computers	Large-scale EC mainframe computers capable of cryptography Distributed EC computers in quantum networks

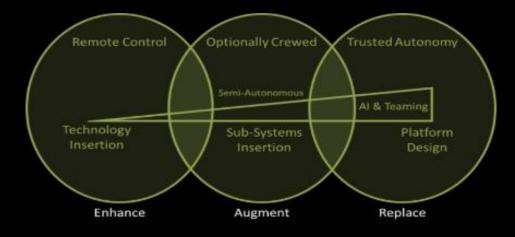




The purpose of the RAS
Strategy is to set the path to
realising a RAS enabled future
Army that can rapidly deploy,
concentrate at a point of
effort and disperse to survive
– through a robust and
resilient network, leveraging
superior decision-making to
win in future conflict

Benefits

- Efficiency
- Maximising Soldier Performance
- Improving Decision Making
- Force Protection
- Generating Mass & Scalable Effects









Army is required to be connected, protected, lethal and enabled.



Army's Modernisation Priorities

Networked | Protected Manoeuvre | Joint Fires | Enabled Soldier



To be *Future Ready*, Army must modernise and transform in a coherent manner.

The Land Operational Concept Document (Land OCD) provides the singular aiming mark for future design of the Land Force.

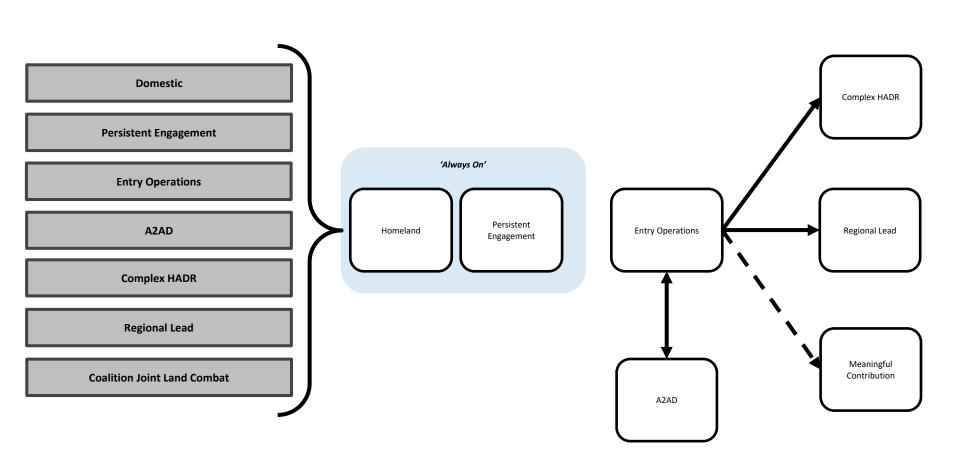
- Describes the future Land Force aiming mark described as the *Objective Land Force* at a 12-year horizon.
- Identifies how the future Land Force operates as a component of the Joint Force contributing to combat and non-combat tasks.
- Informs iterative capability development and links into the *Defence Capability Assessment Program*.



Land OPERATIONAL CONCEPT DOCUMENT

PREPARED BY
FUTURE LAND WARFARE BRANCH







All personnel involved with Land modernisation are challenged to read the *Land OCD* and contribute to its evolution.

- Lieutenant General Burr, 2020

Outcomes of the Land OCD



Informs the Objective Land Force contribution to the future Joint Force.



Guides transformation and provides direction regarding integration requirements for land capability within the Joint framework.



Provides the Joint Force Authority and other Groups and Services with an understanding of how the Army intents to operate in the future.



Articulates capability needs and development priorities.



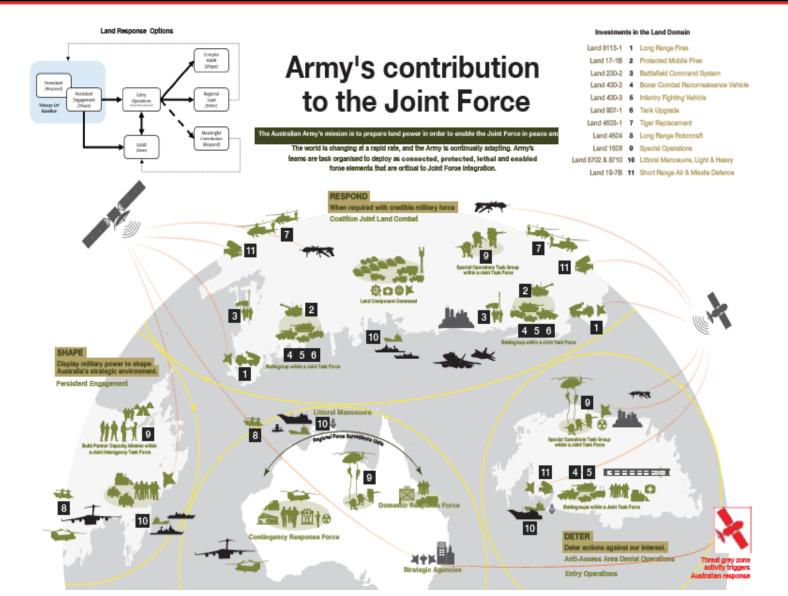
Contributes to understanding and addressing Land Force design risk to be *Future Ready*.



Outlines future preparedness requirements.

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Littoral / Maritime Environment



Contributions Welcome